P. R. GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTOMONOUS), KAKINADA III B.SC MATHEMATICS – Semester VI (w.e.f. 2018-19)

Course (Elective - VII (B)): Numerical Analysis

Total Hrs. of Teaching-Learning: 75 @ 5 h / Week

Total Credits: 05

Objective:

- To find the different types of errors in computation and then to reduce the errors.
- To find the approximate Polynomial for the given data when the data is even or uneven by using interpolation, also we can find the differentiation even if the function is not known explicitly.
- To find the solution of Algebraic and Transcendental equations using Bisection, Falsi Position, Iteration and Newton Raphson methods.

Unit - I: Errors in Numerical Computation

(15 hrs)

Errors and their accuracy, Mathematical preliminaries, Errors and their analysis, Absolute, Relative and Percentage errors, A general error formula, Errors in a series approximation.

Unit - II: Solutions of Algebraic and transcendental equations

(15 hrs)

Bisection Method, Iteration Method, Method of false position, Newton Raphson Method, Generalised Newton Raphson method, Muller's method.

Unit - III: Interpolation - I

(15 hrs)

Errors in polynomial interpolation, Finite Differences, Forward, Backward and central difference operators, Shift and average difference operators, Symbolic relation between the operators, Detection of errors by use of difference tables, Differences of a polynomial.

Unit - IV: Interpolation - II

(15 hrs)

Interpolation for equal intervals: Newton's forward, backward, Gauss forward, Backward, Strilling's, Bessel's and Everette's formulae.

Unit - V: Interpolation - III

(15 hrs)

Interpolation for uneven intervals: Lagrange's interpolation formula, Error in Lagrange's Interpolation, Divided differences and their properties, Relation between divided differences formula, Forward, Backward and central difference operators, Newton's divided differences, Inverse Interpolation.

Prescribed Text books:

Numerical Analysis by S. Ranganatham, MVSSN Prasad, Dr. V. Ramesh Babu, S. Chand & Company.

Reference books:

- 1. Numerical Analysis by S. S. Sastry, Prentice Hall, NewDelhi.
- 2. Numerical Analysis by Kamali Surya Narayana, S. Chand & co, New Delhi.
- 3. Numerical Analysis by Gupta & Malik, Krishna Prakashan media (P) Ltd, Meerut.S

BLUE PRINT FOR QUESTION PAPER PATTERN SEMESTER-VI PAPER - VII : ELECTIVE VII (B)

UNIT	TOPIC	V.S.A.Q	S.A.Q (including choice)	E.Q (including choice)	Marks Allotted
I	Errors in Numerical Computations	01	01	02	22
II	Solutions of Algebraic and transcendental equations	01	01	02	22
III	Interpolation – I	01	01	01	14
IV	Interpolation – II	01	01	02	22
V	Interpolation – III	01	01	01	14
	Total	05	05	08	94

V.S.A.Q. = Very Short answer questions (1 mark)
S.A.Q. = Short answer questions (5 marks)
E.Q. = Essay questions (8 marks)

Very Short answer questions $: 5 \times 1 \text{ M} = 05$ Short answer questions $: 3 \times 5 \text{ M} = 15$ Essay questions $: 5 \times 8 \text{ M} = 40$

Total Marks : = 60

P.R. Govt. College (Autonomous), Kakinada

III year B.Sc. Degree Examinations : VI Semester - Mathematics

Course (Elective VII (B)): Numerical Analysis Paper VII: MODEL PAPER (w.e.f. 2019-20)

Time: 2 Hrs 30 Min

Max. Marks: 60 M

PART-I

Answer ALL the following questions. Each question carries 1 mark.

 $5 \times 1 = 5 M$

- 1. Estimate 1/3 to three significant digits and find its absolute error.
- 2. Write the convergent condition for iterative method.
- 3. Define Shift operator.
- 4. Write the Bessel's Formula for interpolation
- 5. Write the divided difference of $f(x) = x^2 5$ for the arguments 2 and 4.

PART-II

Answer any <u>THREE</u> of the following questions. Each question carries 5 marks. $3 \times 5 = 15 \text{ M}$

- 6. Define absolute, relative and percentage errors and give an example.
- 7. Find a root of the equation $x^3-2x-5=0$ by using Newton-Raphson method.
- 8. Find the missing term in the following data given below.

1 2	3	4
3 9	-	81
	3 9	3 9 -

- 9. Derive Newton's forward interpolation formula.
- 10. Using the inverse Lagrange's Interpolation Formula, if $y_1 = 4$, $y_3 = 12$, $y_4 = 19$, $y_x = 7$, then find the value of x.

PART-III

Answer any FIVE questions from the following by choosing at least TWO from each section. Each question carries 8 marks. 5 X 8 = 40 M

SECTION - A

- 11. If $u = 4x^2y^3/z^4$ and errors in x, y, z be 0.001, compute the relative maximum error in u, when x = y = z = 1.
- 12. Evaluate the sum $S = \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{5} + \sqrt{7}$ to four significant digits and find its absolute and relative errors.
- 13. Find the real root of the equation $x^3-9x+1=0$ by using Regula Falsi Method.
- 14. Find the root of the equation $f(x) = e^x 3x$ by using Newton-Raphson method.

- 15. Prove that $(\frac{\Delta^2}{F})e^x \cdot (\frac{Ee^x}{\Delta^2 e^x}) = e^x$, the interval of differencing being unit.
- 16. Using Newton's Forward interpolation formula, find the value of f(x) when x = 1.4.

X	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.9
Y	0.21	0.69	1.25	1.89	2.61

17. Apply Stirling folmula to find the value of f(1.22) from

X	0	0.5	1.0	1.5	20
f(x)	0	0.191	0.341	0.433	0.477

18. By means of Newton's divided difference formula, find the value f(8) and f(15) from the following table.

A	4	5	7	10	11	13
(x)	48	100	294	900	1210	2020